

FROM: <http://people.aapt.net.au/~ferngonz/plip/index.html>



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The Return of the Froggy Plip

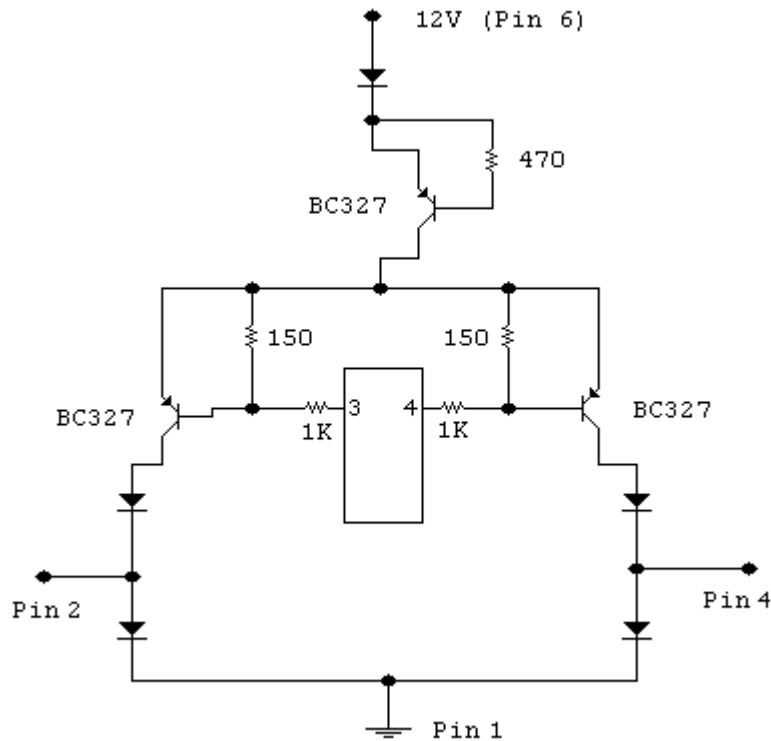
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Aussie Froggers have long lamented the gradual demise of their original Infra-Red(IR) Plip remote central locking systems. Nowadays radio

technology has reached levels of miniaturisation that makes it feasible and economical to enhance the old Plip circuitry with a helping hand from tiny Ultra High Frequency (UHF) modules. I've sourced just the right modules, operating in the UHF band at a frequency of 433MHz and with a sophisticated code function to keep the most security conscious happy.

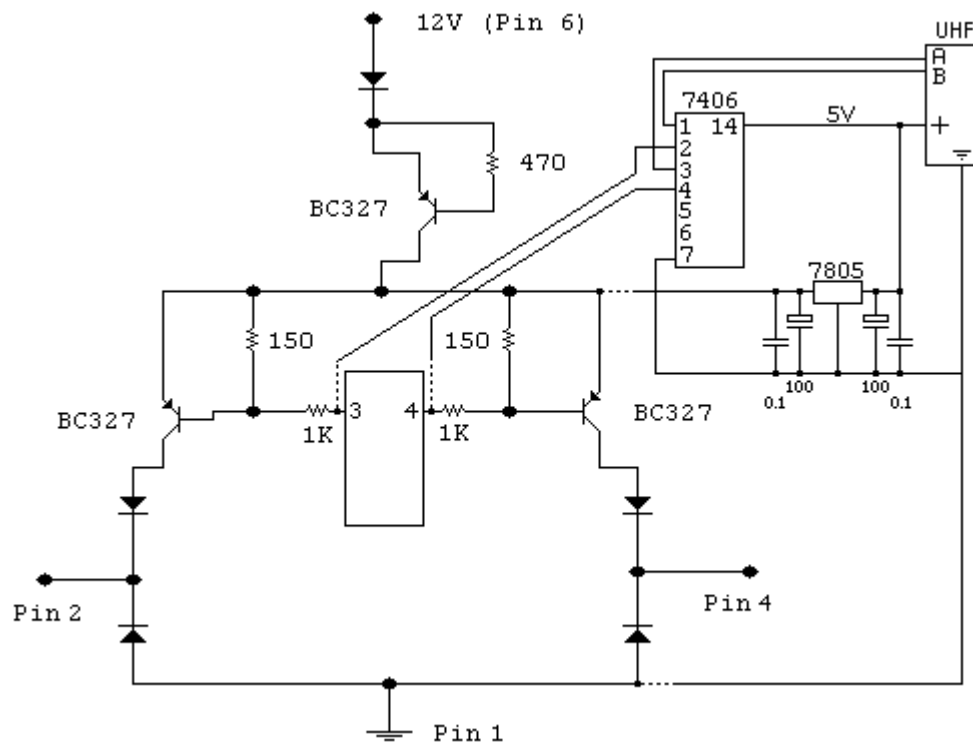
The Plip



The Fuego's Plip receiver (located between the visors, its dev function is basically no different from what you will find on the inside of a TV. Just behind where the speaker window should be are a set of sensors whose job it is to sense the energy from the Plip keyfob transmitter that is amplified by the Integrated Circuit (IC) and sent to the original Rx module.

The circuit diagram to the left is based on my study of the module and its connection back from the wiring loom (the original module), through the various components and finally to the IC. Since I intend to cut the outputs of the new module, they need go no further in my ar

The UHF Plip



I removed the (fitted in its place) [Collector Output IC](#), able to transfer active high output UHF module in low outputs near of the module's back through to on its way to the rocker switch in console. I did this by desoldering the and fitting the cut and bridge around the new new chip's pins compatible with

This can be a bit another way is off the board a between the PL module. To the the introduction module and the the 7805 5V regulator associated capacitor it is to provide two new devices 12V supply.

By the way, the shown in these to the edge connector back of the Plip

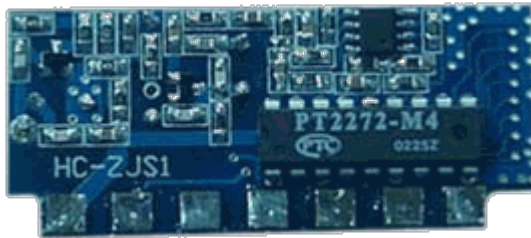
Components



This is the Tx module, a tiny extendable antenna (for extra 100m) and four available buttons. We will select two for our use.

If anyone can think up new buttons, go for it. The Rx will use the same.

This little keyfob is tiny and has a protective door so that the buttons can't be pressed when not in use.



This is the UHF Rx module. The decoding is achieved on the PCB by soldering links at selected points.

The (relatively) large pads are where the A, B, + and - buttons are found for our design. For more on the operation of the modules, see the spec sheets on the [PT2262](#) and [PT2272 Rx Decoder](#) ICs at the bottom of the page.



To give you some idea of reliability, here is a shot of all three modules: Plip (left), UHF Rx (centre) and Tx (right). The black insulated wire on the right is an extension of the on-board antenna needed for our intended range. I can't bring myself to remove it.

Since I ended up soldering the inverter chip into the old chip's position on the PCB, I soldered the capacitors straight onto the legs of the regulator and then used lengths of lightweight single core insulated wire to connect this to both the old chip and the UHF Rx module. With the use of this wiring, the whole thing was sliced through the Plip's original plastic housing between the visors and there is no sign of a bad fit - all original fit!

Pinouts

I spent a couple of minutes on the old Plip receiver module and central locking, sorting out some basic logic:

| Plip Rx Pinout | |
|----------------|------------------|
| 1 | ground |
| 2 | one output |
| 3 | not used |
| 4 | the other output |
| 5 | not used |
| 6 | 12V |

The connector on the back
wired directly off the p

| Central Locking : | |
|-------------------|-----------------|
| 1 | lock output |
| 2 | ground |
| 3 | 12V supply |
| 4 | illumination su |
| 5 | unlock output |

Testing your Plip

It's no good asking me whether I can modify your Plip without checking its co ascertain this, you'll need at least a half-metre length of wire and a Phillips he screwdriver. Unscrew and remove the Plip box between the visors, extract yo card completely and reconnect it to its wiring loom. Connect the length of wi the car's metal body (if your wire is long enough, pop the bonnet and hook it terminal of the battery). Separately, one at a time with the other end of the w and 4 on the TEA 5500 IC on the module - looking at this black 'caterpillar' w wiring connected to the right, they are the 3rd and 4th pins along from the b If your locking activates when you touch these one at a time, you'll be able to design shown here without any further modification.

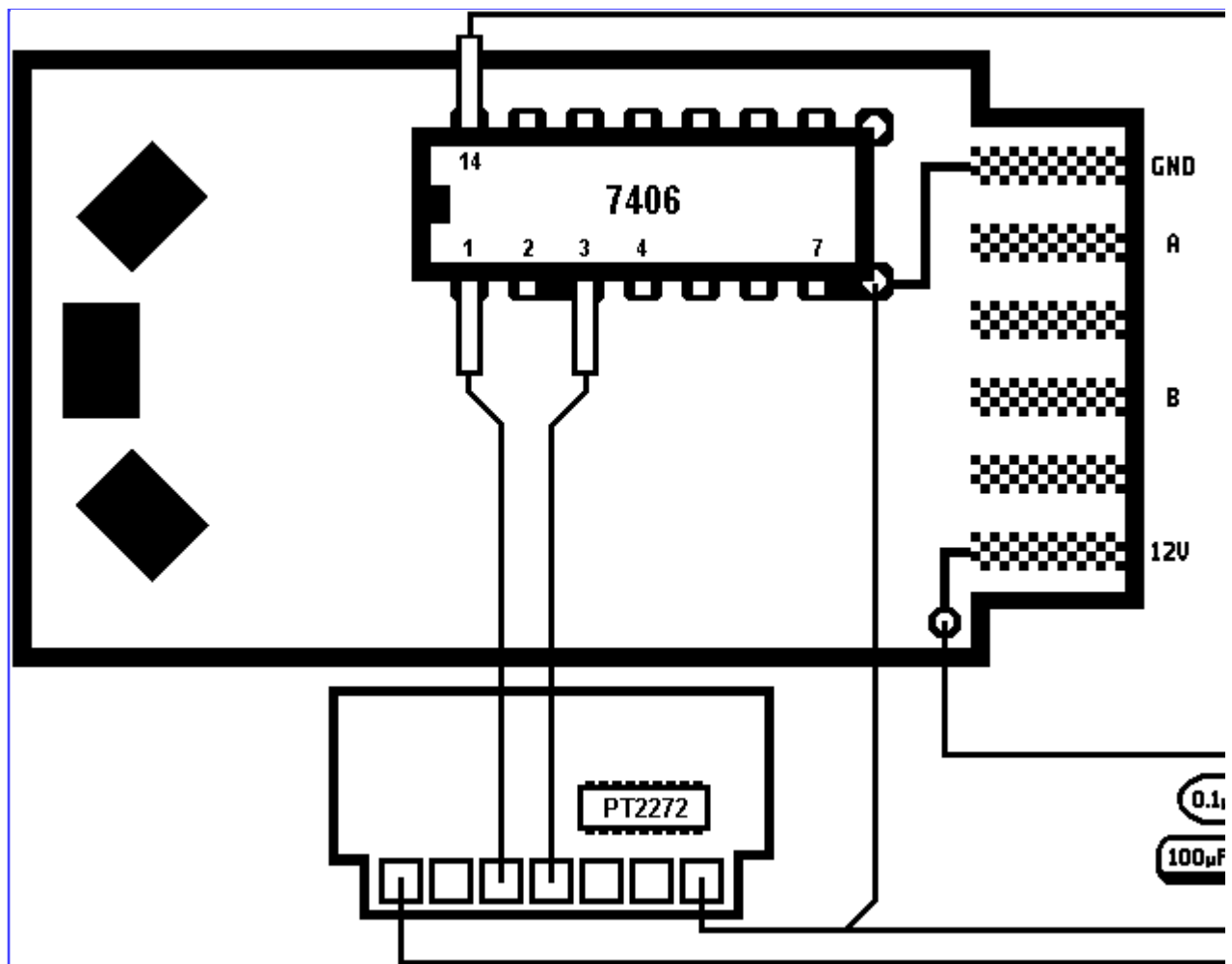
Let me know whether:

1. Yours works
2. You have it but it doesn't work
3. You at least have the connector inside the box
4. You have only a working switch on the panel

If you are at option 1, then you'll be able to use the design shown here. All ot require a couple of components added, so help yourselves, perform the test a

More to come...

Here's a layman's wiring diagram for the project:



Bottom line: if you're careful, good with a soldering iron and have a few components around, you should be able to achieve DIY UHF Plipping for around \$40.00

Latest Updates!



Congratulations to Australdi!

You are the first ever known Fuego UHF Plipper. I wish you many happy hours.
I'm sure KenFuego isn't far behind!



Congratulations also to The Gonz - wait, that's me!
I've finally gone ahead and put my own UHF Plip in the car. I wish myself many happy hours plipping.

I'm sure KenFuego isn't far behind...again!

For more information, [e-mail me](#) and let me know how I can help.